

Swahili Solution

f tarehe tatu Disemba jumamosi

Three December day-one

(Saturday)

d tarehe pili Aprili jumanne

Two April day-four

(Tuesday)

e tarehe nne Aprili jumanne

Four April day-four

(Tuesday)

c tarehe tano Oktoba jumapili

Five October day-two

(Sunday)

a tarehe tano Oktoba jumatatu

Five October day-three

(Monday)

b tarehe tano Oktoba jumatano

Five October day-five

(Wednesday)

a. Monday, October 5 th
b. Wednesday, October 5 th
c. Sunday, October 5 th
d. Tuesday, April 2 nd
e. Tuesday, April 4 th
f. Saturday, December 3 rd

Hint: Start with December, because there is only one. “tatu” must be three.
“Jumamosi” must be Saturday.

There are two April’s. They are both Tuesday, so “jumanne” must be Tuesday.
“pili” is two or four and “nne” is two or four. Tricky spot: you might think that “nne” is two and that “jumanne” is “day 2”, but it isn’t. “pili” is two and “nne” is four.
(Saturday is day 1.)

There are three Octobers, and they are all the 5th, so “tano” is five. “jumapili”, “jumatatu”, and “jumatano” can be Monday, Wednesday, and Sunday.

Suppose we haven’t figured out “pili” and “nne” yet. We know that “tano” is three. So is “jumatano” Monday, Wednesday, or Sunday?

Suppose we fall for the bait and decide that “nne” is two and “jumatano” is Tuesday, and since “tano” is three, “jumatano” is Wednesday.

“Pili” would have to be “four”, and the fourth day would have to be “Thursday”, but there is no “Thursday” in the data.

So we back up. As implausible as it seems, “nne” is four. Tuesday is the fourth day. “pili” is two.

If Tuesday is the fourth day, then Sunday is the second day “jumapili”.

The third day “jumatano” is Monday.

The first day “jumatatu” is Saturday. (The Moslem Sabbath is Friday.)

Tajik Solution

дуусти хуби хамсоай сумо	a good friend of your neighbor
хамсоай дуусти хуби сумо	a neighbor of your good friend
хамсоай хуби дуусти сумо	a good neighbor of your friend

дуусти	friend
хамсоай	neighbor
хуби	good
сумо	your

Hint: “good friend” occurs in two of the sentences and not in the third.

Indonesian Solution

*Satu ditambah satu menjadi dua.
One plus one equal two*

*Dua ditambah dua menjadi empat.
Two plus two equal four*

*Delapan belas dikurangi satu menjadi tujuh
belas.*

*Eight plus-ten minus one equal seven plus-ten
Tiga ditambah empat menjadi _____.
tujuh*

*Satu ditambah dua menjadi tiga.
One plus two equal three
Dua dikalikan dua menjadi empat.
Two multiply two equal four*

*Enam dikurangi tiga menjadi tiga.
Six minus three equal three
Sepuluh dikurangi enam menjadi empat.
Ten minus six equal four
Dua dikalikan tiga menjadi lima.
wrong
Sepuluh dibagi dua menjadi lima.
Ten divide two equal five
Tiga dikalikan enam menjadi delapan belas.
Three multiply six equal eight plus-ten*

*Tiga dikalikan tiga menjadi sembilan.
Three multiply three equal nine
Sepuluh ditambah sembilan menjadi*

*_____.
Sembilan belas
Dua puluh dibagi dua menjadi _____.
sepuluh
Tiga puluh dibagi lima menjadi enam.
Three times-ten divide five equal six
Tujuh puluh dibagi dua menjadi _____.
Tiga puluh lima
Enam belas dibagi dua puluh empat menjadi dua
per tiga.
Six plus-ten divide two times-ten four equal two
by three*

Now write out these numbers (and one fraction) in Indonesian:

7 _____ 12 _____ 19 _____
23 _____ 39 _____ $\frac{3}{4}$ _____

Rewrite the incorrect statement so that it's correct:

one satu
two dua
three tiga
four empat
five lima
six enam
seven tujuh
eight delapan
nine sembilan
ten sepuluh

Yaqui solution:

H *Inepo siika.*

A *Empo nee aniak.*

F *Inepo apo 'ik aniak.*

D *Inepo apo 'ik vichak.*

C *Inepo enchi vichak.*

E *Inepo enchi aniak.*

B *Empo ye'ek.*

G *Aapo enchi vichak.*

a. You helped me.
b. You danced.
c. I saw you.
d. I saw him.
e. I helped you.
f. I helped him.
g. He saw you.
h. I left.

inepo I nom
nee me acc
empo you nom
enchi you acc
aapo he nom
apo'ik he acc

ye'ek danced
vichak saw
aniak helped
siika left

Luvian Solution

1.		Varpalava king
2.		Kurkuma city
3.		Tuvarnava city
4.		Palaa region
5.		Tarkumuva king

Hawaiian Solution

A: There are two possible English translations for the following Hawaiian sentence. What are they?

Aohe ou kaikuaana. I have no elder brothers (Keone/male speaking) 2) I have no elder sisters (Mele/female speaking)

B: Translate the following sentence into English and indicate who is speaking, Mele or Keone:

Aohe ou kaikuahine. 'I have no sisters' (Keone speaking.)

C. The following English sentences would be difficult to translate directly into Hawaiian. Explain why this is true.

Keone has one brother: Because in Hawaiian, the word for the brother of a boy and a sister of a girl are the same, and they are always distinguished according to age – younger or older. Thus there is no way to say "Keone" has one brother in Hawaiian without saying whether the brother is younger or older.

Mele has one younger brother: The words for brother of a girl and sister of a boy are not distinguished by age. So you could easily say 'Mele has one brother,' but not 'Mele has one younger brother' given the words available in this problem.